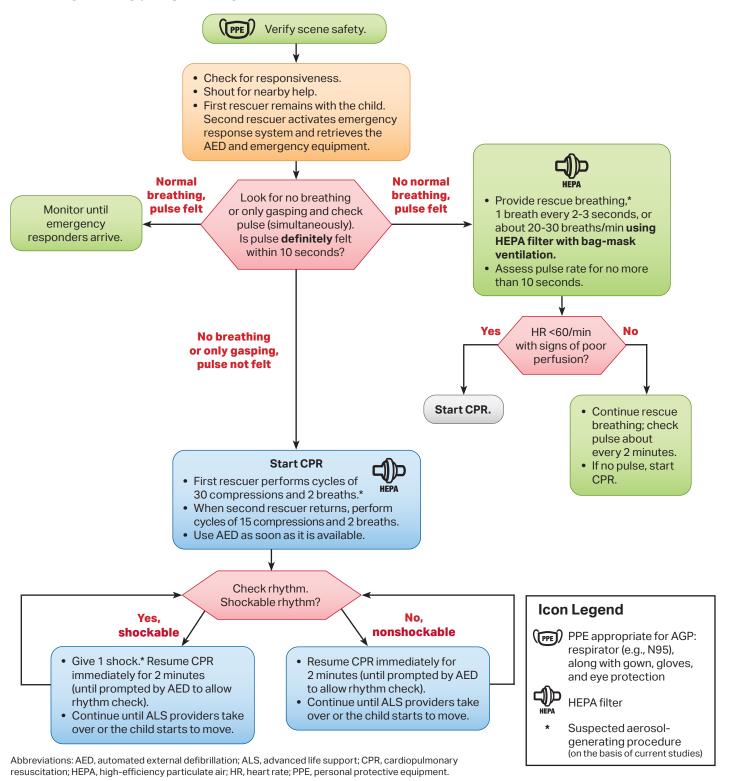


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SUSPECTED/CONFIRMED COVID-19

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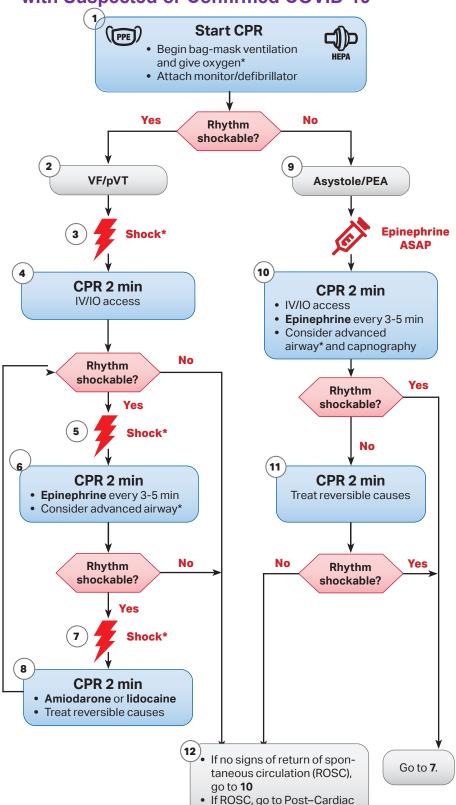
B. Pediatric BLS Algorithm – 2 or More Rescuers for Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19



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C. Pediatric Cardiac Arrest Algorithm for Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19



CPR Quality

- Push hard (≥1/3 of anteroposterior diameter of chest) and fast (100-120/min) and allow complete chest recoil
- Minimize interruptions in compressions
- Change compressor every 2 minutes, or sooner if fatigued
- If no advanced airway, 15:2 compression-ventilation ratio
- If advanced airway, provide continuous compressions and give a breath every 2-3 seconds

Shock Energy for Defibrillation

- First shock 2 J/kg
- Second shock 4 J/kg
- Subsequent shocks ≥4 J/kg, maximum 10 J/kg or adult dose

Drug Therapy

- Epinephrine IV/IO dose: 0.01 mg/kg (0.1 mL/kg of the 0.1 mg/mL concentration). Max dose 1 mg. Repeat every 3-5 minutes. If no IV/IO access, may give endotracheal dose: 0.1 mg/kg (0.1 mL/kg of the 1 mg/mL concentration).
- Amiodarone IV/IO dose:
 5 mg/kg bolus during cardiac arrest. May repeat up to
 3 total doses for refractory VF/pulseless VT or

Lidocaine IV/IO dose: Initial: 1 mg/kg loading dose

Advanced Airway

- · Rapidly apply PPE before AGPs.
- Provide endotracheal intubation or supraglottic advanced airway.
- Perform waveform capnography or capnometry to confirm and monitor ET tube placement.
- For all ventilation, use a HEPA filter.

Reversible Causes

- Hypovolemia
- Hypoxia
- **H**ydrogen ion (acidosis)
- **H**ypoglycemia
- **H**ypo-/hyperkalemia
- **H**ypothermia
- **T**ension pneumothorax
- Tamponade, cardiac
- Toxins
- Thrombosis, pulmonary
- Thrombosis, coronary

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Arrest Care checklist